



IMPACT OF INTERNATIONAL POLITICAL RELATIONS ON THE COUNTRY'S ECONOMY.

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Received:	21 st January 2024	This article covers Uzbekistan's role in the world community, its political relations with khaqlaro and the impact of these political ties on our country. The political problems that were taking place were studied and conclusions and suggestions were made.
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INTRODUCTION.

While the significant changes and processes occurring in the context of globalization objectively cause instability to life on the one hand, on the other hand it indicates that a certain structure, inclined to order. An indifferent and irresponsible attitude towards him will cause great harm to each country. The national interests of the states determine to what extent they operate well in the international arena, becoming a material force through their foreign policy. One of the main tools for the implementation of international policy is the establishment of diplomatic relations. Diplomacy is one of the methods of implementing the foreign policy of the state. Diplomatic relations are carried out by heads of state, governments, state Foreign Affairs bodies and direct diplomats, as well as diplomatic relations are carried out in the form of official activities that help protect the interests of their state and some citizens abroad. Hence, diplomacy is one of the main functions of the activities of state power in foreign policy.

MAIN PART.

Currently, the foreign policy of countries in the world community is carried out in accordance with the changes taking place in the life of the country and the international arena. Because, the policies that each state pursues can generate positive or negative consequences in international relations.

- First, in some cases, states try to participate in this relationship and influence it, not taking into account the changes that occur in international relations in the development and implementation of strategies for their foreign policy.

- Secondly, foreign policy of states is important in regulating international relations. With the help of

foreign policy, states express their attitude to the situation that is happening in the international arena and contribute to the solution of problems arising from it to one degree or another.

The basic provisions of international law, which are in force today in international political relations, were enshrined in the UN Charter established on October 24, 1945. It sets out such rules as respect for state independence, compliance with peaceful coexistence, non-deviant fulfillment of duties and duties imposed on oneself, peaceful, political negotiation of conflicts, non-use of force in relation to each other, non-interference in their internal affairs.

ANALYSIS AND RESULTS.

The progress of international political relations depends on the results of political activities. In recent years, the political instability among the States has not only affected these states themselves, but also Uzbekistan. Russia regained its status as Uzbekistan's largest trading partner in 2021. Food, petroleum products, timber, and other goods are brought from the country in large quantities. Ukraine, on the other hand, is Uzbekistan's ninth largest trading partner, exporting medicines, semi-finished metal products, etc.

During Russia's long military operations in Ukraine, hundreds of global companies left the Russian market. The country has become a world leader in the size of sanctions applied to more than 5,500 entities. The Fitch rating agency downgraded Russia's sovereign credit rating from "B" to "C", i.e. "default is inevitable". The ruble renewed its historical highs in relation to the dollar and the euro. The deterioration of the economic situation in Russia and Ukraine, the main trade partners of Uzbekistan, had its impact on the country's economy.

Trade with Russia	2019	2020	2021
Total, million dollars	6 669,6	5 659,5	7 517,0



Exports of Uzbekistan	2 531,9	1 485,8	2 058,9
Imports from Russia	4 137,7	4 173,8	5 458,1

1-jadval.

The first impact, Russia became Uzbekistan's main trading partner in 2021, and withdrew this status from China for the first time since 2014. Over the past year, the volume of trade between countries amounted to \$ 7.51 billion, which is 47.4% of the total volume of trade between Uzbekistan and the CIS countries. The volume of exports of Uzbekistan increased by 38.5 percent to \$ 2.05 billion, and the volume of imports increased by 30.7 percent to \$ 5.45 billion.

The second effect, due to the depreciation of the ruble, is that the export products of Uzbek manufacturers become more expensive in the Russian market and their competitiveness decreases. The Uzbek government recommended that exporters enter into contracts linked to foreign currency in order to reduce the risk of loss.

As for imports, there is a possibility that goods imported from Russia will enter the Uzbek market cheaper. At the same time, the Russian side can limit the export of certain goods to ensure its domestic market.

The third effect is that the volume of international transfers to Uzbekistan in 2021 amounted to \$ 8.1 billion, an increase of 34% compared to 2020 and 2019 (6 billion). Due to the economic situation in Russia, in 2022 there was a decrease in the volume of transfers of labor migrants to Uzbekistan by 21% instead of the expected increase of 3%. Depreciation of the ruble leads to a decrease in the dollar income of migrants, which directly affects the volume of transfers to Uzbekistan. The disconnection of Russia from the SWIFT system also makes it difficult for the people of Uzbekistan to transfer money, which accounts for 15-16% of all income.

In addition, the mass closure of companies and the decrease in the gross demand of the population of Russia, including among migrants, increases the risk of an increase in the level of unemployment. As income decreases, they may begin to waive patents and other fees to reduce their costs. This increases the number of illegal migrants.

Political problems between these two states indicate that Uzbekistan needs political and economic diversification, which means that Uzbekistan has only become Export-import to these countries until the period of these political problems. It is a saying that if Uzbekistan does not develop this direction, it will be stuck between China, Russia and Europe. It is necessary

to develop highways with China, at the same time it is advisable to strengthen relations with Islamic states, Turkish States. This is very necessary for the economic security of Uzbekistan. The organization for Economic Cooperation (OECD) summit also spoke about promoting mutual trade between member countries, which is important in strengthening foreign trade relations of the countries. In particular, during the speech of the head of state, he noted that it is necessary to develop the conceptual document "strategic goals of Economic Cooperation – 2035", which defines the future priority areas and sectors of the IHT, and focus on the following main areas:

- Promote mutual trade. According to preliminary estimates, through these measures, mutual trade volumes can be at least doubled by 2035.

- Strengthening mutual transport-communication ties. In the future, the launch of the "China – Kyrgyzstan – Uzbekistan" and Transafgan multimodal roads will be in the interests of all member states.

- Strengthening cooperation in the field of Tourism. He stressed the issues of establishing a Tourism Advisory Committee and holding its first meeting in the city of Shahrisabz, which is declared the tourism capital of our organization next year.

In addition to the five Central Asian countries, the organization also includes Turkey, Azerbaijan, Afghanistan, Iran and Pakistan. Looking from the point of view of geopolitics, Pakistan, Iran and Turkey are compact, standing in the middle. There is a huge economic potential in the area: not yet developed and not yet many projects, programs have been carried out. The organization has five main tasks: economic cooperation, trade, transport-logistics, tourism and social development.

Uzbekistan is a land locked, (landlocked) country. Therefore, logistics plays a very important role, and to say the point of attention of Uzbekistan is not an exaggeration, we need rail or highways for economic development. This organization gives a kata impulse to the development of transport logistics of Uzbekistan.



7. <https://president.uz/uz/lists/view/6846>

CONCLUSIONS AND SUGGESTIONS.

In place of the conclusion, we can say that mukinki is becoming one of our main goals, strengthening economic diplomacy, giving priority to the further development of relations with our international partners, expanding the geography of Foreign Relations. To further strengthen these international political relations, it is advisable to carry out the following measures:

Further expansion of cooperation with European countries through high-level visits.

Strengthening the material and technical base of the diplomatic missions of the Republic of Uzbekistan abroad, opening new diplomatic missions of our country abroad.

Increase and activate the effectiveness of economic diplomacy in the promotion and protection of national interests.

Accelerate cooperation with Arab countries (UAE, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Qatar, Egypt) in political, trade-economic and cultural-humanitarian spheres.

Development of Uzbekistan's multifaceted relations with Afghanistan and assistance in its socio-economic recovery.

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